

Answers for Lesson 11-5, pp. 634–636 Exercises

1. about 233,333 ft³
2. 200 cm³
3. 1296 in.³
4. 50 m³
5. about 443.7 cm³
6. 300 in.³
7. 2048 m³
8. about 363.6 m³
9. about 3714.5 mm³
10. about 562.9 ft³
11. $\frac{16}{3}\pi$ ft³; 17 ft³
12. $\frac{22}{3}\pi$ in.³; 23 in.³
13. 36.75π in.³; 115 in.³
14. about 66.4 cm³
15. about 4.7 cm³
16. 123 in.³
17. 312 cm³
18. 10,368 ft³
19. They are equal; both volumes are $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$.
20. a. 6,312,000 ft³
b. 284 ft
21. 6
22. 3
23. $3\sqrt{2}$
24. 73 cm³
25. B
26. cube: 8 units³, cone: $\frac{2}{3}\pi$ units³, pyramid: $\frac{8}{3}$ units³
27. a. 120π ft³
b. 60π ft³
c. 240π ft³
28. cone: 234.6 in.³; prism: 240 in.³; pyramid: 256 in.³
29. cone with $r = 4$ and $h = 3$; 16π
30. cone with $r = 3$ and $h = 4$; 12π

Answers for Lesson 11-5, pp. 634–636 Exercises (cont.)

31. cylinder with $r = 4$, $h = 3$, with a cone of $r = 4$, $h = 3$ removed from it; 32π
32. cone with $r = 4$, $h = 5\frac{1}{3}$, with a cone of $r = 1$, $h = 1\frac{1}{3}$ cut off the top, and a cylinder of $r = 1$, $h = 4$ cut out of its center; 24π
33. a. The frustum has vol. $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi R^2 H - \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h = \frac{1}{3}\pi(R^2 H - r^2 h)$. Now if $h_1 = H - h$ is the frustum's height, $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi(R^2(h_1 + h) - R^2 h) = \frac{1}{3}\pi(R^2 h_1 + h(R^2 - r^2))$. By similar \triangle , $\frac{h}{r} = \frac{h_1 + h}{R}$, or $h = \frac{rh_1}{R - r}$. Simplifying, $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi h_1(r^2 + rR + R^2)$.
- b. about 784.6 in.³
34. a. about 47.1 m
- b. about 176.7 m²
- c. about 389.6 m³
35. about 16.2 cm
36. about 8.8 cm