

8.7 Solving Natural Log Equations

Expand each logarithm.

1) $\ln \left(\frac{8^5}{7} \right)^4$

$$20 \ln 8 - 4 \ln 7$$

2) $\ln (c\sqrt{a \cdot b})$

$$\ln c + \frac{\ln a}{2} + \frac{\ln b}{2}$$

3) $\ln (uv^6)^5$

$$5 \ln u + 30 \ln v$$

4) $\ln (x \cdot y \cdot z^6)$

$$\ln x + \ln y + 6 \ln z$$

Condense each expression to a single logarithm.

5) $25 \ln 5 - 5 \ln 11$

$$\ln \frac{5^{25}}{11^5}$$

6) $5 \ln x + 6 \ln y$

$$\ln (y^6 x^5)$$

7) $\frac{\ln 5}{2} + \frac{\ln 6}{2} + \frac{\ln 7}{2}$

$$\ln \sqrt{210}$$

8) $20 \ln a - 4 \ln b$

$$\ln \frac{a^{20}}{b^4}$$

Use a calculator to approximate each to the nearest thousandth.

9) $\ln 39$

$$3.664$$

10) $\ln 2.2$

$$0.788$$

11) $\ln 21$

$$3.045$$

12) $\ln 3.4$

$$1.224$$

Solve each equation. Round your final answer to the nearest thousandth.

13) $\ln (7 - p) = \ln (-5p - 1)$

$$\{-2\}$$

14) $\ln -2x = \ln (3x + 10)$

$$\{-2\}$$

15) $\ln 8 - \ln (x + 4) = 1$

$$\left\{ \frac{8 - 4e}{e} \right\}$$

16) $\ln (x + 1) - \ln x = 5 \left\{ -\frac{1}{1 - e^5} \right\}$

$$17) \ln(x+8) - \ln 7 = 3$$
$$\{7e^3 - 8\}$$

$$18) \ln 10 + \ln(5x-2) = 3$$
$$\left\{ \frac{e^3 + 20}{50} \right\}$$

$$19) \ln(-4x-4) - \ln 3 = 3$$
$$\left\{ \frac{-3e^3 - 4}{4} \right\}$$

$$20) \ln 3 + \ln(2x^2 + 4) = \ln 12$$
$$\{0\}$$

$$21) \ln(2x^2 - 2) - \ln 9 = \ln 80$$
$$\{19, -19\}$$

$$22) \ln(-3 + 3n) = \ln(n^2 - n)$$
$$\{3\}$$

Solve each equation. Round your answers to the nearest thousandth.

$$23) -8e^{-p} = -49$$
$$-1.8124$$

$$24) 2e^{8x} = 45$$
$$0.3892$$

$$25) e^{-4x} + 8 = 35$$
$$-0.824$$

$$26) e^{3r} + 4 = 59$$
$$1.3358$$

$$27) 3e^{-b} = 56$$
$$-2.9267$$

$$28) -9.3e^{10b} = -67$$
$$0.1975$$

$$29) 4e^{r+5} = 29$$
$$-3.019$$

$$30) 6e^{-10r} = 63$$
$$-0.2351$$

Name: _____

Date: _____

EXPONENTIAL MODELING WITH PERCENT GROWTH AND DECAY
COMMON CORE ALGEBRA II HOMEWORK

APPLICATIONS

1. If \$130 is invested in a savings account that earns 4% interest per year, which of the following is closest to the amount in the account at the end of 10 years?

(1) \$218 (3) \$168

(2) \$192 (4) \$324

$$y = 130(1 + .04)^{10}$$

2

2. A population of 50 fruit flies is increasing at a rate of 6% per day. Which of the following is closest to the number of days it will take for the fruit fly population to double?

(1) 18 (3) 12

(2) 6 (4) 28

$$y = 50(1.06)^x$$

$$100 = 50(1.06)^x$$

$$2 = 1.06^x$$

$$\log 1.06 \cdot 2 = x$$

$$\frac{\log 2}{\log 1.06} = x$$

3

3. If a radioactive substance is quickly decaying at a rate of 13% per hour approximately how much of a 200 pound sample remains after one day?

(1) 7.1 pounds (3) 25.6 pounds

(2) 2.3 pounds (4) 15.6 pounds

$$y = 200(1 - .13)^{24}$$

1

4. A population of llamas stranded on a desert island is decreasing due to a food shortage by 6% per year. If the population of llamas started out at 350, how many are left on the island 10 years later?

(1) 257 (3) 102

(2) 58 (4) 189

$$y = 350(1 - .06)^{10}$$

4

5. Which of the following equations would model a population with an initial size of 625 that is growing at an annual rate of 8.5%?

(1) $P = 625(8.5)^t$ (3) $P = 1.085^t + 625$

(2) $P = 625(1.085)^t$ (4) $P = 8.5t^2 + 625$

2

6. The acceleration of an object falling through the air will decrease at a rate of 15% per second due to air resistance. If the initial acceleration due to gravity is 9.8 meters per second per second, which of the following equations best models the acceleration t seconds after the object begins falling?

(1) $a = 15 - 9.8t^2$ (3) $a = 9.8(1.15)^t$

(2) $a = \frac{9.8}{15t}$ (4) $a = 9.8(0.85)^t$

4

Name: _____

Date: _____

COMPOUND INTEREST
COMMON CORE ALGEBRA II HOMEWORK

APPLICATIONS

1. The value of an initial investment of \$400 at 3% nominal interest compounded quarterly can be modeled using which of the following equations, where t is the number of years since the investment was made?

(1) $A = 400(1.0075)^{4t}$

(3) $A = 400(1.03)^{4t}$

(2) $A = 400(1.0075)^t$

(4) $A = 400(1.0303)^{4t}$

1

2. Which of the following represents the value of an investment with a principal of \$1500 with a nominal interest rate of 2.5% compounded monthly after 5 years?

(1) \$1,697.11

(3) \$4,178.22

$A = 1500 \left(1 + \frac{.025}{12}\right)^{12 \times 5}$

(2) \$1,699.50

(4) \$5,168.71

2

3. Franco invests \$4,500 in an account that earns a 3.8% nominal interest rate compounded continuously. If he withdraws the profit from the investment after 5 years, how much has he earned on his investment?

(1) \$858.92

(3) \$922.50

(2) \$912.59

(4) \$941.62

4. An investment that returns a nominal 4.2% yearly rate, but is compounded quarterly, has an effective yearly rate closest to

(1) 4.21%

(3) 4.27%

(2) 4.24%

(4) 4.32%

5. If an investment's value can be modeled with $A = 325 \left(1 + \frac{.027}{12}\right)^{12t}$ then which of the following describes the investment?

(1) The investment has a nominal rate of 27% compounded every 12 years.

(2) The investment has a nominal rate of 2.7% compounded ever 12 years.

(3) The investment has a nominal rate of 27% compounded 12 times per year.

(4) The investment has a nominal rate of 2.7% compounded 12 times per year.

4



① Determine if the data represents Linear, Exponential, or logarithmic. Estimate the average height of the tree at 20 years of age.

| Age of Tree (in years) | Height (in feet) |
|------------------------|------------------|
| 1 | 6 |
| 2 | 9.5 |
| 3 | 13 |
| 4 | 15 |
| 5 | 16.5 |
| 6 | 17.5 |
| 7 | 18.5 |
| 8 | 19 |
| 9 | 19.5 |
| 10 | 19.7 |
| 11 | 19.8 |

Linear: $r = .9165$

Exp: $r = .8549$

LN: $r = .9931$

$y = 6.099 + 6.1081 \ln x$

$y = 6.099 + 6.108 \ln(20)$

$y = 24.40 \text{ ft}$

② Determine if the data represents ^{Linear} Quadratic, Exponential, or logarithmic.

| Time (mins) | Temp (° F) |
|-------------|------------|
| 0 | 179.5 |
| 5 | 168.7 |
| 8 | 158.1 |
| 11 | 149.2 |
| 15 | 141.7 |
| 18 | 134.6 |
| 22 | 125.4 |
| 25 | 123.5 |
| 30 | 116.3 |
| 34 | 113.2 |
| 38 | 109.1 |
| 42 | 105.7 |
| 45 | 102.2 |
| 50 | 100.5 |

a) what is the coffee's temperature after 1 hour?

$y = 171.46 * .9882^{60}$

$y = 84.1^\circ$

b) When will the coffee's temperature reach 106°

$106 = 171.46 * .9882^x$

$.6182 = .9882^x$

$\log .9882 .6182 = x$

$x = \frac{\log .9882}{\log .6182}$

$x = -.024 \rightarrow \text{less than 1 min}$

Quadratic: $r = .99167$

Exp: $r = -.985$

Linear: $r = -.91695$

$y = 171.46 * .9882^x$